

Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil stratigraphy for ODP Leg 177 (Atlantic sector of the Southern Ocean)

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Received 30 August 2000; accepted 7 August 2001

Abstract

Seven Ocean Drilling Program (ODP) sites recovered during ODP Leg 177 in the Atlantic sector of the Southern Ocean were analyzed to study the Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil record. Calcareous nannofossil events previously described from intermediate and low latitudes were identified and calibrated with available geomagnetic and stable isotope stratigraphic data. In general, Pleistocene southern high latitude calcareous nannofossil events show synchronicity with those observed from warm and temperate latitudes. The first occurrence (FO) of *Emiliania huxleyi* and the last occurrence (LO) of *Pseudoemiliania lacunosa* are observed in marine isotope stages (MIS) 8 and 12, respectively. A reversal in abundance between *Gephyrocapsa muelleri* and *E. huxleyi* is observed at MIS 5. MIS 6 is characterized by an increase in *G. muelleri* and MIS 7 features a dramatic decrease in the proportion of *Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica*. This latter species began to increase its proportions from MIS 14 to 13. The LO of *Reticulofenestra asanoi* is observed within subchron C1r.1r and the FO of *R. asanoi* occurs at the top of C1r.2r. A re-entry of medium-sized *Gephyrocapsa* can be identified in some cores during subchron C1r.1n. The LO of large morphotypes of *Gephyrocapsa* is well correlated through the studied area, and occurs during the middle-low part of subchron C1r.2r, synchronous with other oceanic regions. The FO of *Calcidiscus macintyre* and FO of medium-sized *Gephyrocapsa* occur in the studied area close to 1.6 Ma. © 2002 Elsevier Science B.V. All rights reserved.

Keywords: Southern Ocean; Pleistocene; calcareous nannofossils; biostratigraphy; isotope stratigraphy; geomagnetic stratigraphy; Ocean Drilling Program

1. Introduction

During the last decades, calcareous nannofossil biostratigraphy of Pleistocene sediments has shown great potential, with a clear relationship

with paleoceanographic studies. Examples of biochronological data include Thierstein et al. (1977), Gartner (1977), Pujos-Lamy (1977), Matsuoka and Okada (1990), Giraudeau and Pujos (1990), Wei (1993), Raffi et al. (1993), Weaver and Thomson (1993), Pujos and Giraudeau (1993), Wells and Okada (1997), Hine and Weaver (1998), Bollmann et al. (1998) amongst others. However, most of these studies focus on middle and low latitude sections and only a few of them are based

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on material recovered in the Southern Ocean, which plays an important role in climatic and oceanic evolution (Kennett and Barron, 1992; Shipboard scientific Party, 1999). Most of the stratigraphic studies carried out on Pleistocene material from the Southern Ocean in general report low sedimentation rates and/or hiatuses of different stratigraphic extents (Wise and Wind, 1977; Wise, 1983; Crux, 1991; Wei and Wise, 1992). In other cases, at these latitudes the calcareous plankton is diluted by siliceous organisms or is affected by dissolution. Consequently, the number of sections available is restricted. To these factors should be added restrictions in ecological calcareous nannofossil marker species.

The Ocean Drilling Program (ODP) Leg 177 (Southern Ocean Paleooceanography) offered the opportunity to study the evolution of calcareous nannofossil assemblages in the Southern Ocean, covering different environmental sectors. Additionally, an excellent geomagnetic record and siliceous microfossil biostratigraphy, together with a high resolution isotopic record in selected intervals, permits us to correlate and/or calibrate a number of important calcareous nannofossil events. The present study focuses on the identification and calibration of calcareous nannofossil biostratigraphic data in order to improve the stratigraphic framework for southern high latitude paleoceanographic studies.

2. Material and methods

2.1. Core location and lithology

During ODP Leg 177 seven sites were drilled. These sites are situated in the Atlantic sector of the Southern Ocean on a transect that starts close to the Subtropical Front, and crosses the Subantarctic and Polar fronts. Location and general oceanographic features are indicated in Fig. 1 and Table 1. Lithological details are given in Figs. 2–8 and 9. The lithology varies from pure calcareous nannofossil ooze to pure diatom ooze, with variable proportions of terrigenous material. A detailed description of sedimentology, physical properties and additional characteristics can be found in Gersonde et al. (1999). The location of calcareous nannofossil events and other stratigraphic information is given as meters composite depth (mcd), based on the correlation carried out on board the *Joides Resolution* vessel (Shipboard Scientific Party, 1999).

2.2. Calcareous nannofossil preparation technique and estimation of abundance

Smear slides were made directly from unprocessed samples and examined with a cross-polarized light microscope at 1000 $\times$.

The total abundance of calcareous nannofossils

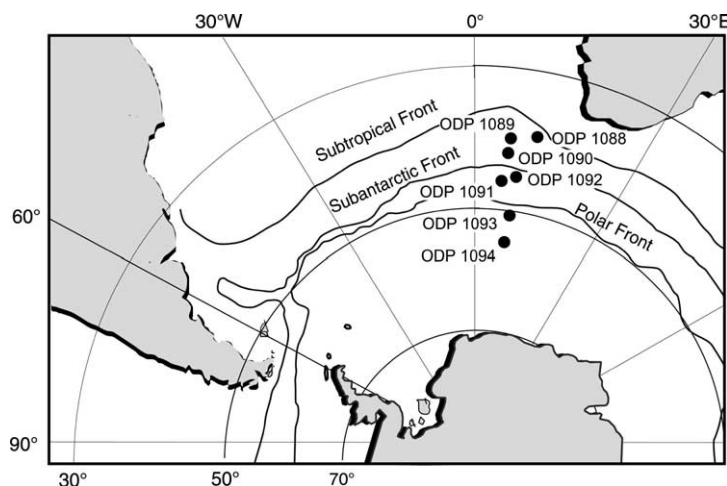


Fig. 1. Location of cores used in this study and main oceanographic features.

Table 1
Site locations of ODP Leg 177 sites

Hole	Latitude	Longitude	Water depth (m)
1088A	41°8.163'S	13°33.770'E	2082.2
1088B	41°8.163'S	13°33.770'E	2081.2
1088C	41°8.165'S	13°33.772'E	2082.9
1089A	40°56.187'S	9°53.645'E	4619.3
1089B	40°56.182'S	9°53.640'E	4623.8
1089C	40°56.169'S	9°53.637'E	4621.2
1089D	40°56.187'S	9°53.632'E	4617.5
1090A	42°54.821'S	8°53.984'E	3698.6
1090B	42°54.821'S	8°53.984'E	3699.4
1090C	42°54.812'S	8°53.990'E	3703.7
1090D	42°54.814'S	8°53.998'E	3702.1
1090E	42°54.818'S	8°53.994'E	3704.2
1091A	47°5.681'S	5°55.120'E	4360.5
1091B	47°5.682'S	5°55.125'E	4356.6
1091C	47°5.689'S	5°55.166'E	4366.4
1091D	47°5.689'S	5°55.166'E	4366.8
1091E	47°5.695'S	5°55.152'E	4366.2
1092A	46°24.708'S	7°4.792'E	1976.3
1092B	46°24.705'S	7°4.794'E	1972.9
1092C	46°24.697'S	7°4.796'E	1973.3
1092D	46°24.704'S	7°4.787'E	1972.9
1093A	49°58.596'S	5°51.924'E	3623.9
1093B	49°58.592'S	5°51.933'E	3630.6
1093C	49°58.593'S	5°51.946'E	3631.7
1093D	49°58.591'S	5°51.934'E	3623.7
1093E	49°58.578'S	5°51.933'E	3623.7
1093F	49°58.578'S	5°51.933'E	3623.7
1094A	53°10.812'S	5°7.824'E	2807.6
1094B	53°10.824'S	5°7.830'E	2806.7
1094C	53°10.828'S	5°7.808'E	2807.3
1094D	53°10.816'S	5°7.821'E	2807.7

for each sample was estimated as follows: V (very abundant) = > 100 nannoliths per field of view; A (abundant) = 10–100 nannoliths per field of view; C (common) = 1–10 nannoliths per field of view; R (rare) = < 1 nannolith per 10 fields of view; B (barren) = calcareous nannofossils absent.

Additionally, the abundance of calcareous nannofossil species in each sample was estimated according to: D (dominant) = > 50% of the total assemblage; A (abundant) = 10–50% of the total assemblage; C (common) = 1–10% of the total assemblage; F (few) = 0.1–1% of the total assemblage; R (rare) = < 0.1% of the total assemblage.

As regards nannofossil preservation, etching and overgrowth are the most important features. In order to establish a ranking of preservation we

followed previous coding systems, such as that used by Shipboard Scientific Party (1999), considering both effects (etching and overgrowth): G = good (little or no evidence of dissolution and/or secondary overgrowth of calcite; diagnostic characters fully preserved); M = moderate (dissolution and/or secondary overgrowth; partially altered primary morphological characteristics; however, nearly all specimens can be identified at species level); P = poor (severe dissolution, fragmentation, and/or secondary overgrowth with primary features largely destroyed; many specimens cannot be identified at species level and/or generic level).

Data concerning calcareous nannofossil abundance and preservation from different samples are given in the Appendix, Tables A1–A7. These tables only include the species used in the definition of biostratigraphic events.

The slides are stored in the archives of the Micropaleontological Collections of the University of Salamanca and the University of Bari.

3. Calcareous nannofossil taxonomy

The species involved in this study are mainly included within the family Noelaerhabdaceae (reticulofenestrids including the genera *Emiliana*, *Pseudoemiliana*, *Gephyrocapsa* and *Reticulofenestra*) (Thierstein et al., 1977; Pujos-Lamy, 1977; Wei, 1993; Raffi et al., 1993; Weaver and Thomson, 1993). However, the taxonomy of this group is complex and confusing, mainly due to a proliferation of species names and morphotypes. Here we adopted the ideas of Raffi et al. (1993) and Flores et al. (2000) for the morphological features of gephyrocapsids, using coccolith diameter, bridge angle, etc., which are readily identifiable under cross-polarized light. A complete list of the taxa considered is included in the Appendix.

4. Age model

Geomagnetic records are available for all sites except 1088 (Shipboard Scientific Party, 1999; Channell and Stoner, 2002). Boundaries between

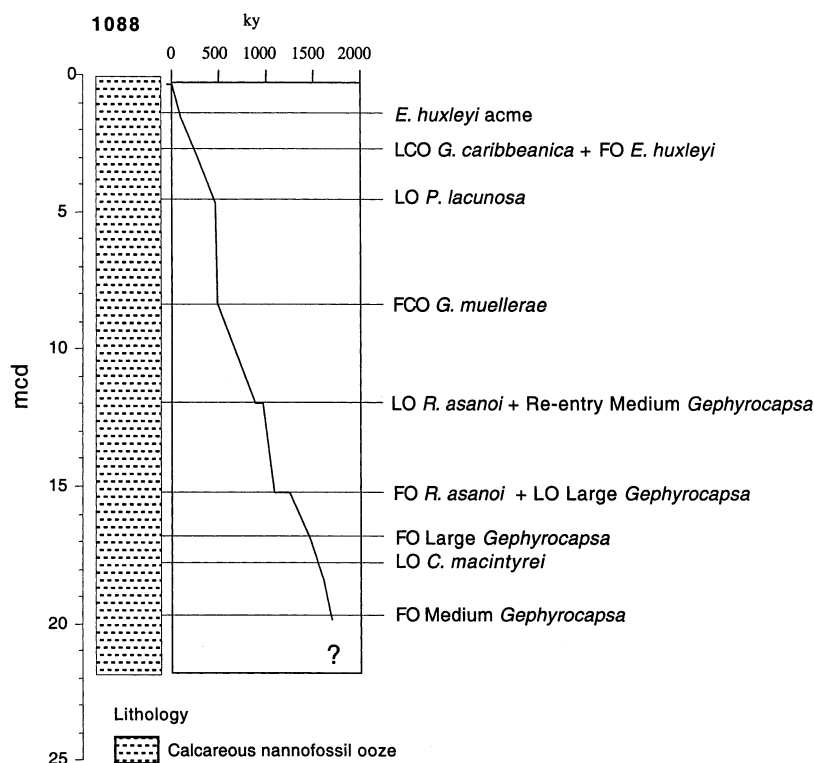


Fig. 2. Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events identified in ODP Site 1088 and comparison of calcareous nannofossil calibration using the 'expected' nannofossil ages (after Thierstein et al., 1977; Raffi et al., 1993; Wei, 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998; Flores et al., 2000).

geomagnetic units were used to generate age models for the studied sites. Additionally, in Sites 1089 and 1094, between marine isotope stages (MIS) 1 and 12, the age model is refined using stable isotope stratigraphy (Hodell et al., 2001); for Site 1090 we follow the stable isotope stratigraphy of Venz and Hodell (2002). Between the studied cores the degree of resolution and availability of chronological data are rather variable. In Site 1088 we have followed a direct calibration with the calcareous nannofossil events identified in middle and low latitudes (Thierstein et al., 1977; Raffi et al., 1993; Wei et al., 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998), due to the absence of paleomagnetic and isotopic data. In some cases we have observed discrepancies in the age assignment. Sampling resolution, differential preservation (dissolution), dilution by the siliceous matrix, absence of nannofossils, and diachronism can explain these inconsistencies.

5. Results

The results of our analyses are compiled in the Appendix, Tables A1–A7. In these tables only species involved in the stratigraphic definition of events and significant samples are considered. The position and calibration of the calcareous nannofossil events identified in the sites are given in Tables 2–8.

According to the adopted age model, a correlation between event and isotope stage is also proposed. A comparison between the adopted age model, based on geomagnetic and isotope stratigraphy data, and that obtained by comparison of the 'expected' ages using previously calibrated calcareous nannofossil events, is also included in Figs. 2–8.

It is important to point out the great differences in sedimentation rates in the studied area (Shipboard Scientific Party, 1999); this also causes dif-

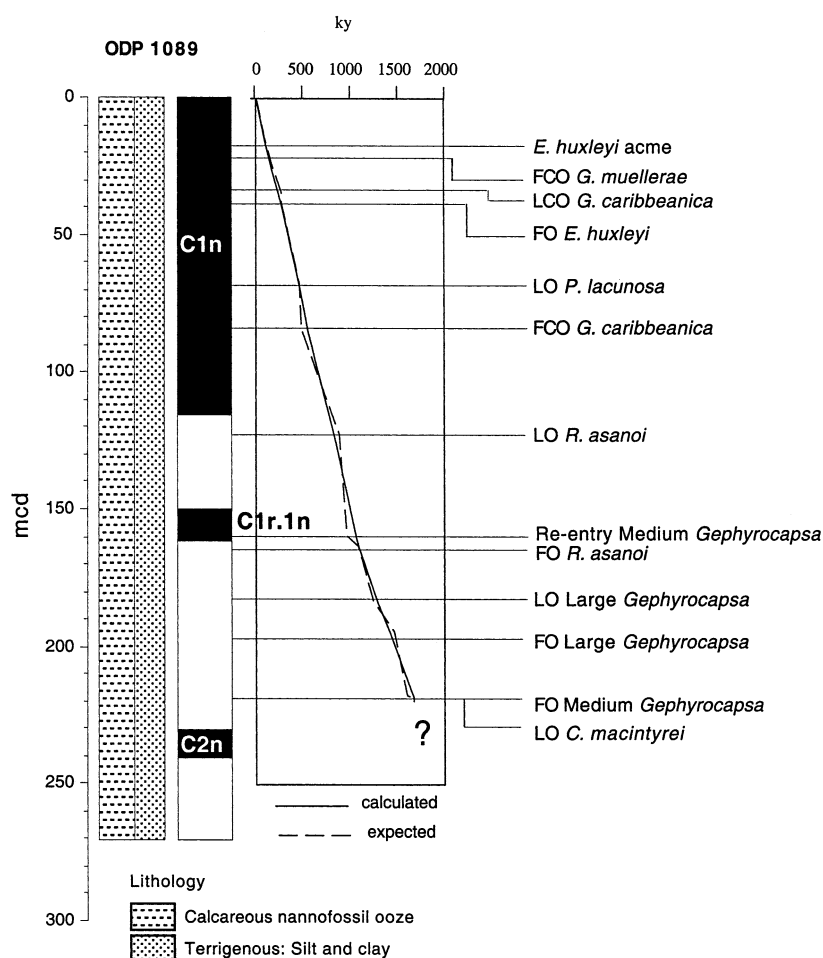


Fig. 3. Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events identified in ODP Site 1089 and comparison of calcareous nannofossil calibration using the 'expected' nannofossil ages (after Thierstein et al., 1977; Raffi et al., 1993; Wei, 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998; Flores et al., 2000) vs. the geomagnetic and stable isotope events. Isotope data from Hodell et al. (2001). Geomagnetic interpretation by Shipboard Scientific Party (1999) and Channell and Stoner (2002).

ferences in the resolution of events. Additionally, strong dissolution in some intervals, or the absence of calcareous nannofossils in some intervals, precludes the identification of some events.

6. Calcareous nannofossil events (Tables 2–8 and Appendix, Tables A1–A7)

6.1. *Emiliania huxleyi* acme base

The base of the *Emiliania huxleyi* acme is a diachronous event and is difficult to recognize in

certain areas of the ocean (Jordan et al., 1996). The meaning of 'acme' or 'zone of dominance' is confusing because in different regions the proportion of *E. huxleyi* may be altered with respect to other species (ecologically controlled), or it may be due to a relative reduction arising from dissolution (Thierstein et al., 1977). Gartner (1977) dated the *E. huxleyi* acme base at 70 kyr, although other authors dated this event between 61 and 40 kyr ago (Gard, 1989; Novaczek and Baumann, 1992).

In our cores this event is not easy to identify, so we use for this proposal semiquantitative data.

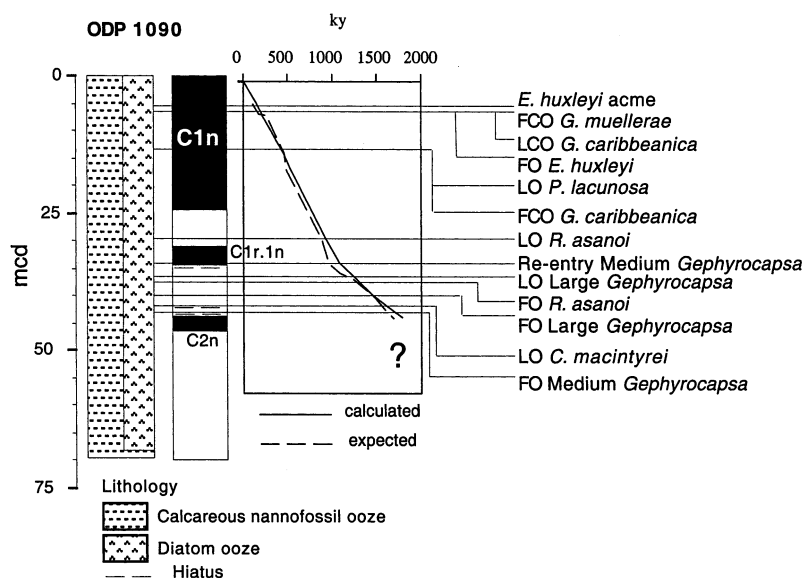


Fig. 4. Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events identified in ODP Site 1090 and comparison of calcareous nannofossil calibration using the 'expected' nannofossil ages (after Thierstein et al., 1977; Raffi et al., 1993; Wei, 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998; Flores et al., 2000) vs. the geomagnetic and stable isotope events. Isotope data from Venz and Hodell (2002). Geomagnetic interpretation by Shipboard Scientific Party (1999).

In Sites 1089, 1090 and 1092 we observed a clear increase of *Emiliania huxleyi* at ca. 100 kyr (MIS 5), prior to the expected age of the acme event. However, in Site 1089 a clear abundance reversal between *Gephyrocapsa muelleriae* and *E. huxleyi* is observed at ca. 70 kyr (Flores et al., in preparation), where *E. huxleyi* represents more than 40% of the total assemblage. This is consistent with the 'Reversal in abundance of *Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica*–*Emiliania huxleyi*' (= *Gephyrocapsa muelleriae*–*Emiliania huxleyi*) dated at 73–85 kyr by Thierstein et al. (1977). Gard and Crux (1991) identified this event as having occurred at the MIS 4/5 boundary in ODP Site 704, in the Subantarctic of the Atlantic sector. In several areas this event coincides with a regular increase in *E. huxleyi* and is considered to be the base of the *E. huxleyi* acme zone (or zone of dominance).

A more precise quantitative analysis would be necessary to constrain the age of this event. In any case, a drastic increase of *Emiliania huxleyi* occurs within MIS 5. In Sites 1091 and 1093, the increase of *E. huxleyi* occurs at 40–50 kyr, according to the adopted age model. In the case of Site

1091, we interpret a hiatus, based on the record of associated events (such as the first occurrence (FO) of *E. huxleyi*, see below). In Site 1093 the inconsistency is due to the absence of this taxon in an interval dominated by diatoms.

6.2. First occurrence of *Emiliania huxleyi*

The FO of *Emiliania huxleyi* was dated by Thierstein et al. (1977) at 268 kyr (late in MIS 8). In Sites 1089, 1090, 1092, 1093 and 1094 this event is relatively easy to detect, although sometimes dissolution may make identification difficult. The event is close to the expected age (ca. 260 kyr) at the top of MIS 8. Small discrepancies may be due to the low accuracy of the age model adopted (e.g. Site 1093, where only a few control points exist).

Between the FO of *Emiliania huxleyi* and the acme of this species, we recognize two useful events: the first common occurrence (FCO; continuous record after a significant increase in abundance) of *Gephyrocapsa muelleriae* was reported in MIS 6 (at ca. 170 kyr) and the last common occurrence (LCO; dramatic reduction) of *Gephyro-*

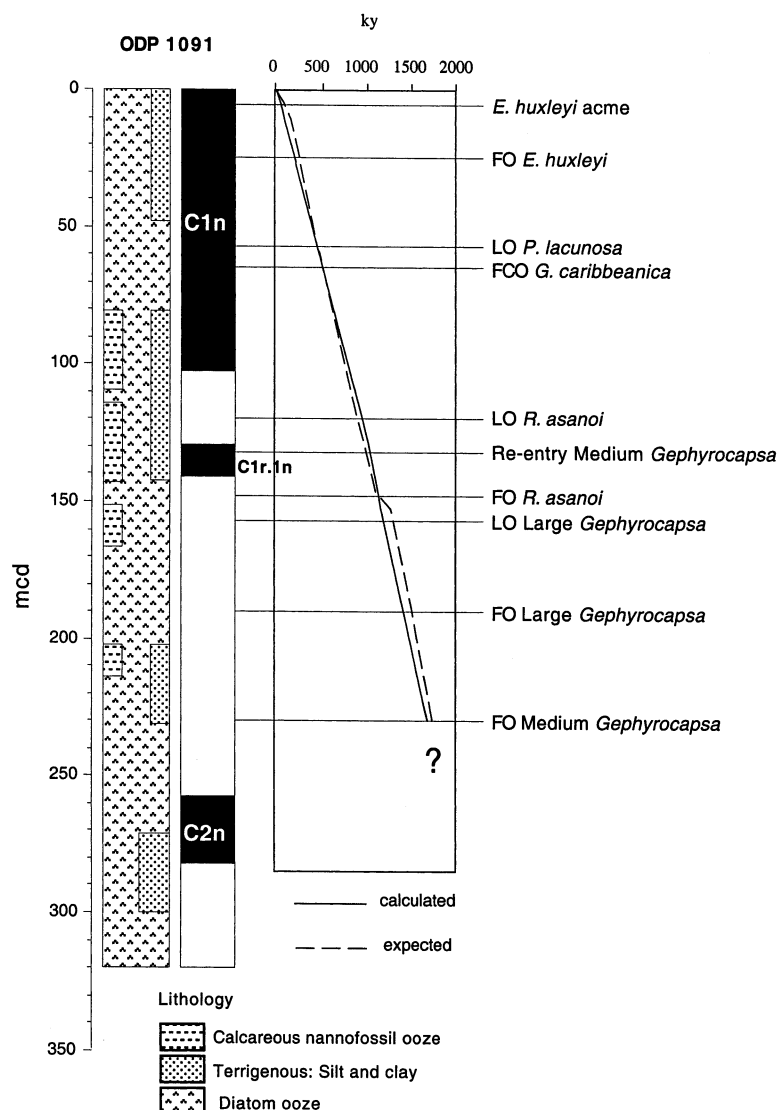


Fig. 5. Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events identified in ODP Site 1091 and comparison of calcareous nannofossil calibration using the 'expected' nannofossil ages (after Thierstein et al., 1977; Raffi et al., 1993; Wei, 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998; Flores et al., 2000) vs. the geomagnetic and stable isotope events. Geomagnetic interpretation by Shipboard Scientific Party (1999) and Channell and Stoner (2002).

capsa caribbeanica at the bottom of MIS 7 (Weaver and Thomson, 1993; Pujos and Giraudeau, 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998; Flores et al., 1999).

The FCO of *Gephyrocapsa muelleriae* is well defined in Site 1089 where it is dated at ca. 150 kyr, in MIS 6. In cores 1090 and 1092, according to the proposed age models, this event occurs prior to the expected age. As commented before, this

discrepancy could be related to the accuracy of the age model. A hiatus prevents a good calibration of this event at Site 1091. In the other cores studied, poor preservation or absence of this taxon prevents the identification of this event.

The LCO of *Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica* is close to the FO of *Emiliania huxleyi* in the studied cores. However, the assigned ages differ depend-

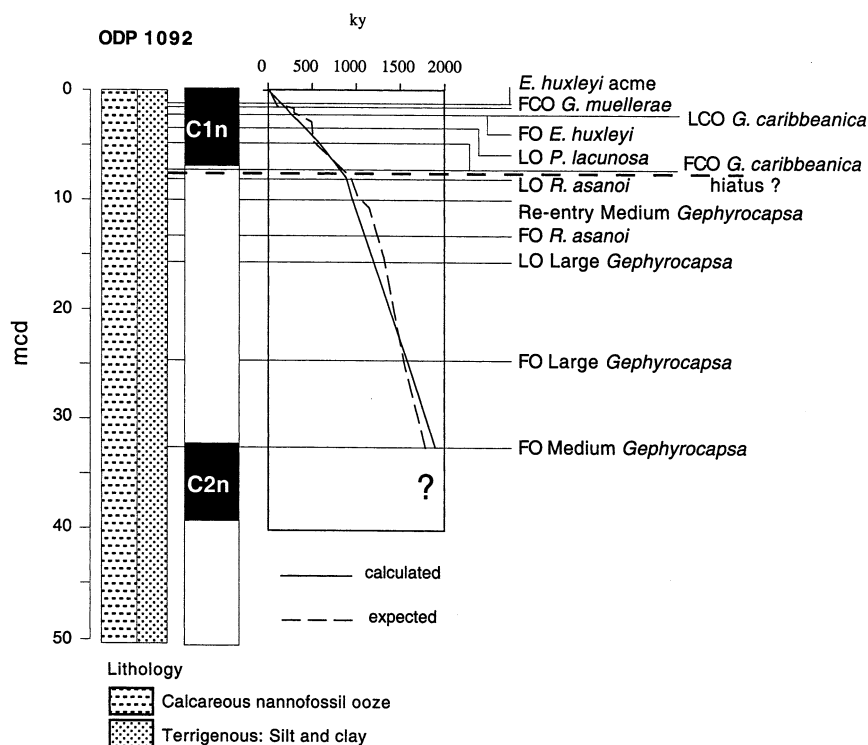


Fig. 6. Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events identified in ODP Site 1092 and comparison of calcareous nannofossil calibration using the 'expected' nannofossil ages (after Thierstein et al., 1977; Raffi et al., 1993; Wei, 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998; Flores et al., 2000) vs. the geomagnetic and stable isotope events. Geomagnetic interpretation by Channell and Stoner (2002).

ing on the accuracy of the age model. A clear reduction in the abundance of *G. caribbeanica* occurs at the base of MIS 7 in Sites 1089 and 1094. In the other studied cores, the position relative to the FO of *E. huxleyi* is similar, but strong discrepancies in ages are observed.

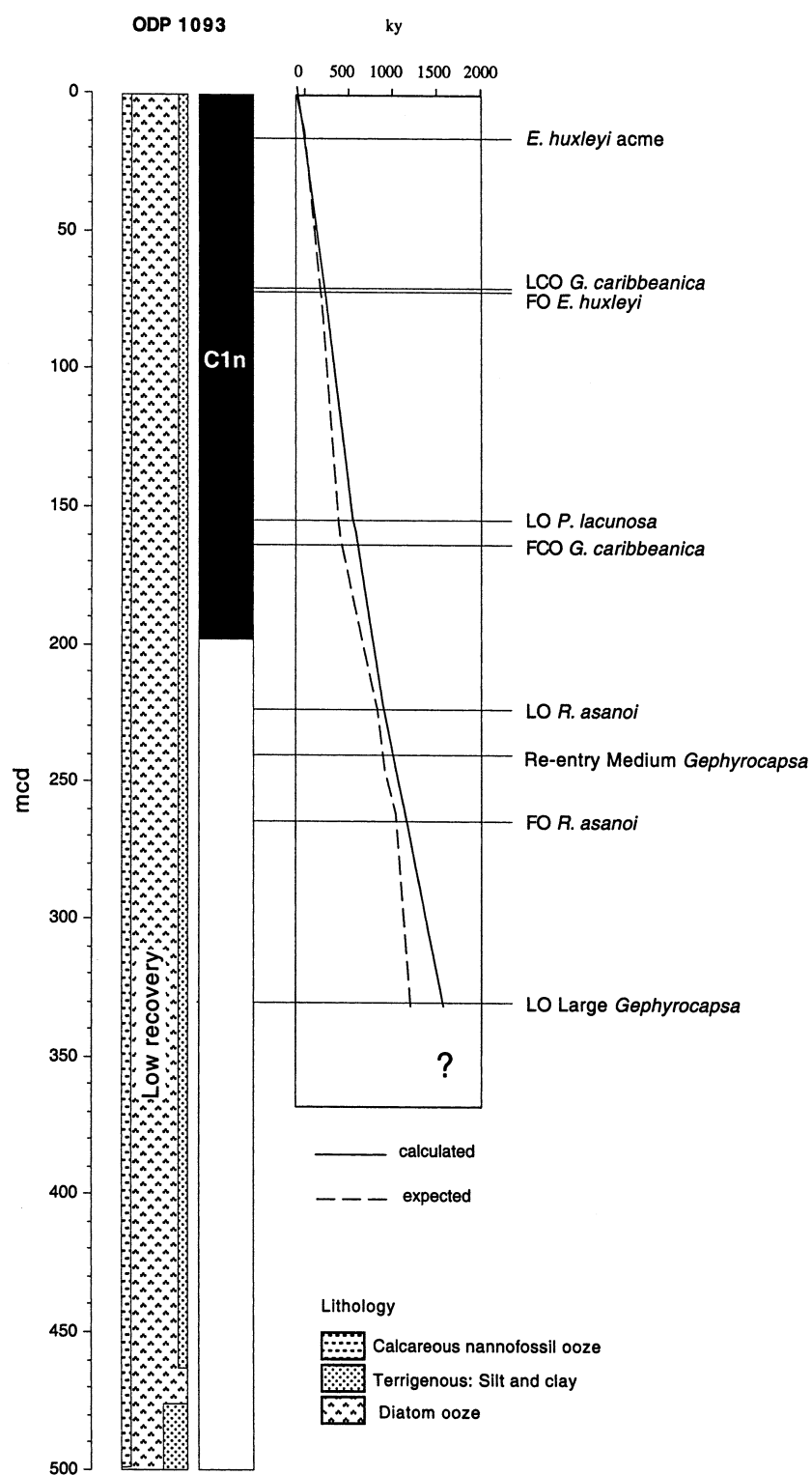
6.3. Last occurrence of *Pseudoemiliania lacunosa*

Thierstein et al. (1977) identified the globally synchronous last occurrence (LO) of *Pseudoemiliania lacunosa* within MIS 12. At Site 1089 this event is clearly identified and dated as 450 kyr. Similar ages are calculated for Sites 1090 and 1091, indicating a synchronicity across the study

area. The ages referred to in Tables 6 and 7 for Sites 1092 and 1093 are consistent with inaccuracies in the age models. At Site 1094 (Table 8) this event coincides with an interval barren of calcareous nannofossils.

A clear increase in the abundance of *Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica* can be identified within MIS 13 (Matsuoka and Okada, 1990; Pujos and Giraudeau, 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998; Flores et al., 1999), although prior to this dominance, this species increases progressively from MIS 15. In Sites 1089, 1090 and 1092 the FCO of *G. caribbeanica* occurs at the top of MIS 14, at Site 1091 within MIS 13. In Site 1093 the estimated age is inconsistent with the nannofossil record in the area. In

Fig. 7. Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events identified in ODP Site 1093 and comparison of calcareous nannofossil calibration using the 'expected' nannofossil ages (after Thierstein et al., 1977; Raffi et al., 1993; Wei, 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998; Flores et al., 2000) vs. the geomagnetic and stable isotope events. Geomagnetic interpretation by Channell and Stoner (2002).



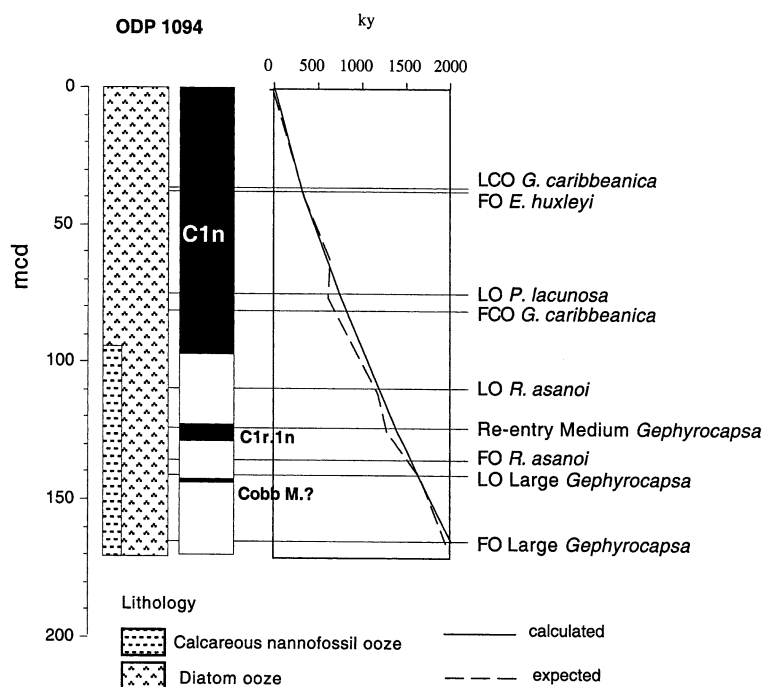


Fig. 8. Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events identified in ODP Site 1094 and comparison of calcareous nannofossil calibration using the 'expected' nannofossil ages (after Thierstein et al., 1977; Raffi et al., 1993; Wei, 1993; Bollmann et al., 1998; Flores et al., 2000) vs. the geomagnetic and stable isotope events. Geomagnetic interpretation by Shipboard Scientific Party (1999) and Channell and Stoner (2002).

Site 1093 this event is identified at MIS 12, after an interval barren in calcareous nannofossils.

6.4. Last occurrence of *Reticulofenestra asanoi*

The LO of *Reticulofenestra asanoi* is known to be a synchronous event in low and relatively high latitudes, which occurred late in MIS 22 (Sato and Takayama, 1992; Wei, 1993). In Sites 1089 and 1092 the event is dated at ca. 830 kyr, in subchron C1r.1r (MIS 22). However, in Sites 1090, 1091, 1093 and 1094, the estimated age is close to 900 kyr.

6.5. Re-entry of medium *Gephyrocapsa*

Raffi et al. (1993) reported the re-entry of so-called medium *Gephyrocapsa* between MIS 29 and 16, with a marked degree of diachronism. This event is easy to identify in cores 1089, 1090, 1091 and 1094. According to the adopted age

models, this event occurs prior to the reported age, at ca. 1000 kyr, in the Jaramillo subchron (C1r.1n).

6.6. First occurrence of *Reticulofenestra asanoi*

The FO of *Reticulofenestra asanoi* is not easy to identify owing to the occurrence of intermediate forms between this species and small reticulofenestrids (Wei, 1993). We therefore only consider specimens with a maximum diameter larger than 6 μm , following the original description of Sato and Takayama (1992). Taking into account this problem, Wei (1993) observed the FO of the species between MIS 35 and 29. Sato and Takayama (1992) dated the event at 1.06 Ma (around MIS 30) in the northeastern Atlantic (ODP Leg 94) and the Boso Peninsula (western Pacific). In our material, the FO of *R. asanoi* can be identified in most of the studied sites, at the top of subchron C1r.2r.

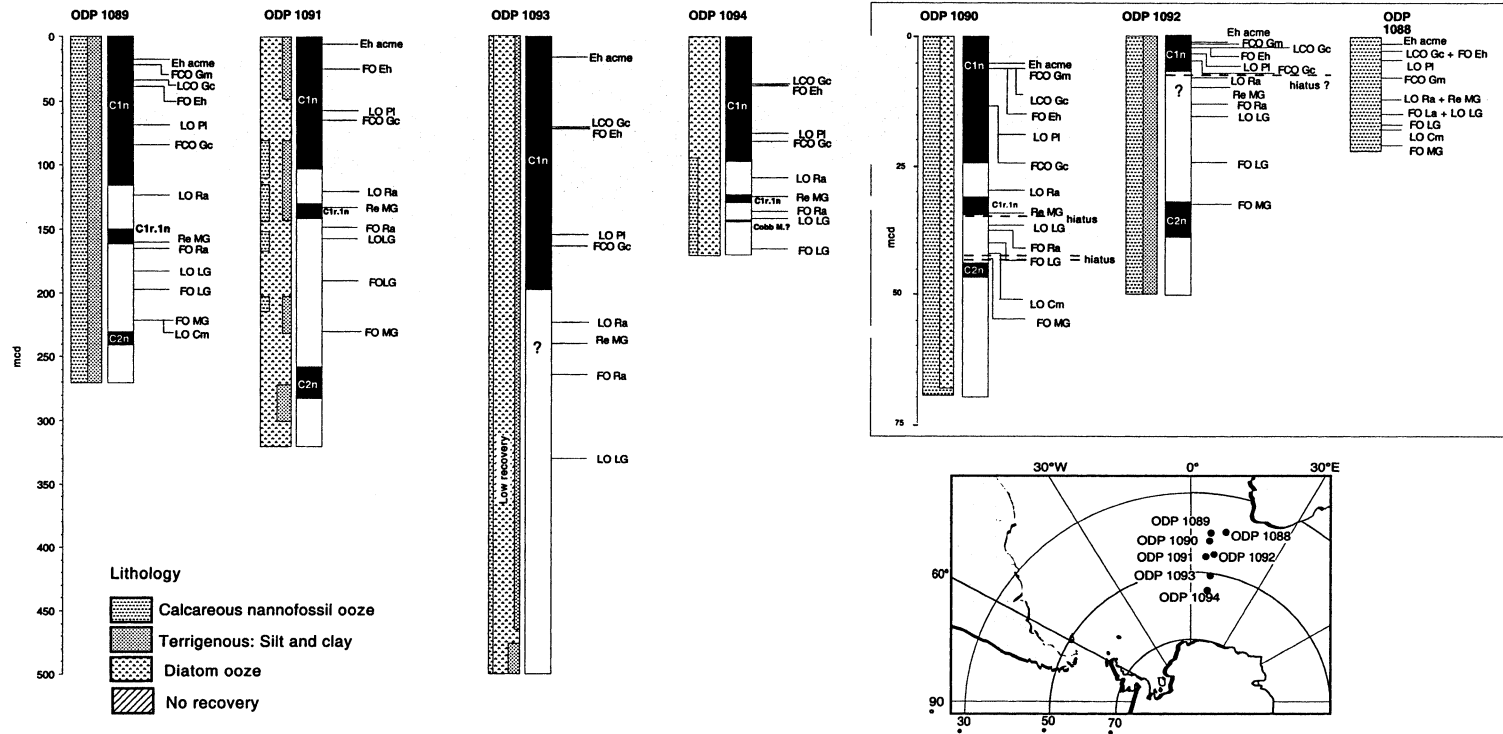


Fig. 9. Geomagnetic and calcareous nannofossil event correlation between the ODP Leg 177 sites. Geomagnetic data from Shipboard scientific Party (1999) and Channell and Stoner (2002). Note different depth scale in the squared sites. Taxa nomenclature in the Appendix. Eh = *Emiliania huxleyi*; Gc = *Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica*; Pl = *Pseudoemiliania lacunosa*; Ra = *Reticulofenestra asanoi*; MG = medium *Gephyrocapsa*; LG = large *Gephyrocapsa* and Cm = *Calcidiscus macintyreii*.

Table 2

Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events, position and calibration in ODP Site 1088

Nannofossil event	ODP sample		mcd (cm)		kyr
	Top	Bottom	Top	Bottom	
<i>Emiliana huxleyi</i> acme (base)	B-1H-1, 110–110	B-1H-1, 120–120	1.10	1.20	85
LCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	B-1H-2, 100–100	B-1H-2, 130–130	2.50	2.80	262
FO <i>Emiliana huxleyi</i>	B-1H-2, 100–100	B-1H-2, 130–130	2.50	2.80	268
LO <i>Pseudoemiliana lacunosa</i>	B-1H-3, 120–120	B-1H-4, 10–10	4.20	4.60	458
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	B-2H-2, 70–70	B-2H-2, 140–140	7.70	8.40	480
LO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	B-2H-4, 140–140	B-2H-5, 70–70	11.40	12.20	880
Re-entry medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-2H-4, 140–140	B-2H-5, 70–70	11.40	12.20	960
FO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	B-2H-CC, 12–19	B-3H-1, 70–70	14.44	15.70	1080
LO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-2H-CC, 12–19	B-3H-1, 70–70	14.44	15.70	1240
FO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-3H-1, 140–140	B-3H-2, 70–70	16.40	17.20	1460
LO <i>Calcidiscus macintyreii</i>	B-3H-2, 140–140	B-3H-3, 70–70	17.90	18.70	1600
FO medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-3H-3, 70–70	B-3H-4, 140–140	18.70	20.90	1690

The calibration of these events is based on Thierstein et al. (1977), Raffi et al. (1993), Wei (1993) and Bollmann et al. (1998).

6.7. Last occurrence of large *Gephyrocapsa*

The LO of the large *Gephyrocapsa* morphotype (large *Gephyrocapsa* sp. B, Matsuoka and Okada, 1990; LG, Raffi et al., 1993) is a globally synchronous event that has been recorded in MIS 37 (Raffi et al., 1993; Wei, 1993). In our material, this event is identified at ca. 1200 kyr in Sites 1089 and 1090, whereas in Sites 1091, 1092 and 1093 the estimated age is close to 1100 kyr. Age model accuracy, as well as absence of nannofossils

in some of the critical intervals, can explain this discrepancy.

6.8. First occurrence of large *Gephyrocapsa*

The FO of large *Gephyrocapsa* is a diachronous event: Raffi et al. (1993) placed this event between MIS 46 and 49 and Wei (1993) observed the same event from MIS 47 to 51. In cores 1089, 1090, 1091, 1092 and 1094 this event is dated at ca. 1400 kyr, slightly younger than the ages reported

Table 3

Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events, position and calibration in ODP Site 1089

Nannofossil event	ODP sample		mcd		MIS/Chron	kyr
	Top	Bottom	Top	Bottom		
<i>Emiliana huxleyi</i> acme (base)	D-2H-4, 4–4	D-2H-4, 25–25	8.36	8.57	5	44.25
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa muelleriae</i>	B-3H-4, 50.5–51	B-3H-4, 54–55	25.40	25.44	6	161.07
LCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	B-4H-4, 141–141.5	B-4H-5, 14–14.5	36.02	36.25	base 7	242.95
FO <i>Emiliana huxleyi</i>	C-5H-2, 125–126	B-5H-2, 15–16	39.07	39.41	8	368.11
LO <i>Pseudoemiliana lacunosa</i>	C-8H-3, 50–51	C-8H-3, 100–101	68.77	69.27	12	444.75
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	B-9H-4, 0–1	B-9H-4, 55–56	85.17	85.72	top 14	535.84
LO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	B-13H-3, 30–30	B-13H-3, 130–130	123.86	124.86	22/top C1r.1r	829.32
Re-entry medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-17H-2, 30–30	B-17H-2, 78–79	160.36	160.94	C1r.1r	1051.90
FO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	B-17H-4, 120–120	B-17H-5, 30–30	164.26	164.86	top C1r.2r	1083.07
LO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-19H-3, 78–79	B-19H-5, 120–120	183.42	185.34	C1r.2n	1288.81
FO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-20H-6, 30–30	B-20H-CC, 0–10	195.56	197.83	C1r.2n	1416.64
FO medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-23H-1, 30–30	B-23H-1, 130–130	219.70	220.70	base C1r.2n	1660.62
LO <i>Calcidiscus macintyreii</i>	B-23H-1, 130–130	B-23H-2, 30–30	220.70	221.20	base C1r.2n	1668.40

The calibration of these events is based on Shipboard Scientific Party (1999), Channell and Stoner (2002) and Hodell et al. (2002).

Table 4

Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events, position and calibration in ODP Site 1090

Nannofossil event	ODP sample		mcd (cm)		MIS/Chron	kyr
	Top	Bottom	Top	Bottom		
<i>Emiliana huxleyi</i> acme (base)	D-1H-3, 56–57	D-1H-3, 86–87	3.90	4.20	5	130.85
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa muelleri</i>	D-1H-4, 56–57	B-2H-2, 30–30	6	6.60	7?	203.97?
LCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	D-1H-4, 146–147	D-1H-5, 26–27	6.30	6.60	7	203.97?
FO <i>Emiliana huxleyi</i>	E-1H-3, 52–53	E-1H-3, 82–83	6.90	7.20	8	227.78
LO <i>Pseudoemiliana lacunosa</i>	D-2H-3, 95–96	D-2H-3, 125–126	13.5	13.8	12	441.03
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	B-3H-3, 78–79	B-3H-3, 130–131	16.23	16.75	C1r.1r	527.17
LO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	B-4H-3, 30–30	B-4H-3, 130–130	29.01	30.01	base C1r.1r	915.28
Re-entry medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-4H-6, 30–30	B-4H-6, 130–130	33.51	34.51	base C1r.1n	1069.10
FO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	B-4H-CC, 12–17	B-5H-1, 35–35	35.02	36.66	top C1r.2r	1172.89
LO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-5H-1, 35–35	B-5H-1, 130–130	36.66	37.61	C1r.2r	1256.31
FO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-5H-3, 30–30	B-5H-3, 110–110	39.61	40.41	C1r.2r	1435.0
LO <i>Calcidiscus macintyre</i>	B-5H-5, 30–30	B-5H-5, 130–130	42.31	43.31	base C1r.2r	1647.06
FO medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-5H-6, 30–30	B-5H-6, 130–130	43.81	44.81	base C1r.2r	1761.66

The calibration of these events is based on Shipboard Scientific Party (1999) and Venz and Hodel (2002).

by Raffi et al. (1993) and Wei (1993). In core 1093 an interval barren of calcareous nannofossils at the base of this event prevents a precise assignment.

6.9. Last occurrence of *Calcidiscus macintyre*

Raffi et al. (1993) and Wei (1993) dated this event between 1.59 and 1.64 Ma (MIS 55–57). In our material, this species occurs only in Sites 1089 and 1090, and always in low proportions. However, the age we calculate for this event in the mentioned cores is close to the reported age from middle and low latitudes. The absence of

this species in the other studied cores seems linked to ecological restrictions.

6.10. First occurrence of medium-sized *Gephyrocapsa*

This event was reported by Raffi et al. (1993) and Wei (1993) (FO spp. A-B), and dated as 1.67–1.70 Ma. In our material, this event is not easy to recognize due to the low proportion of this morphotype. However, sporadic specimens can be observed between 1600 and 1700 kyr in most of the studied sites.

Table 5

Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events, position and calibration in ODP Site 1091

Nannofossil event	ODP sample		mcd (cm)		MIS/Chron	kyr
	Top	Bottom	Top	Bottom		
<i>Emiliana huxleyi</i> acme (base)	A-1H-1, 78–78	A-1H-3, 78–78	?	5.28?	?	40.13
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa muelleri</i>	?	A-2H-2, 40–40	?	11.72	6?	88.95
LCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	?	A-3H-6, 78–79	?	26.86	7?	203.86
FO <i>Emiliana huxleyi</i>	A-3H-6, 26–26	A-3H-CC, 12–17	26.34	27.58	8	204.63
LO <i>Pseudoemiliana lacunosa</i>	A-6H-CC, 7–17	A-7H-3, 26–26	57.44	60.41	12	447.05
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	A-7H-3, 28–28	?	60.43	?	13?	458.66
LO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	A-12H-CC, 0–10	A-13H-4, 104–104	16.51	123.48	C1r.1r	913.17
Re-entry medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	A-13H-4-CC, 6–16	A-14H-2, 136–136	127.62	132.37	C1r.1n	989.97
FO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	A-15H-5, 136–136	A-15H-CC, 11–21	147.60	148.21	C1r.2r	1083.12
LO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	A-15H-CC, 11–21	A-16H-3, 130–130	148.21	158.06	C1r.2r	1115.75
FO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	A-19H-3, 130–130	A-19H-CC, 8–14	188.33	191.82	C1r.2r	1340.72
FO medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	A-23H-3, 30–30	A-23H-5, 110–110	231.60	233.90	C1r.2r	1613.40

The calibration of these events is based on Shipboard Scientific Party (1999) and Channell and Stoner (2002).

Table 6

Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events, position and calibration in ODP Site 1092

Nannofossil event	ODP sample		mcd (cm)		MIS/Chron	kyr
	Top	Bottom	Top	Bottom		
<i>Emiliana huxleyi</i> acme (base)	C-1H-2, 7–7.5	C-1H-2, 12–12.5	1.57	1.62		177.17
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa muelleri</i>	C-1H-2, 17–17.5	C-1H-2, 20–20.5	1.67	1.70	6?	187.20
LCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	C-1H-2, 20–20.5	C-1H-2, 27–27.5	1.70	1.77	7?	193.88
FO <i>Emiliana huxleyi</i>	C-1H-2, 62–62.5	C-1H-2, 67–67.5	2.12	2.17	8	239.57
LO <i>Pseudoemiliana lacunosa</i>	C-1H-3, 32–32.5	C-1H-3, 37–37.5	2.73	3.31	12	336.51
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	B-1H-3, 122–122	B-1H-3, 127–127.5	4.77	4.82	13?	533.74
LO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	B-1H-5, 100–100	D-1H-5, 0–0	7.55	8.55	C1r.1n?	821.92
Re-entry medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-2H-1, 44–44	B-2H-2, 115–115	8.69	10.90	C1r.1n?	888.31
FO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	B-2H-3, 80–80	A-2H-1, 0–0	10.05	11.6	C1r.2r	928.29
LO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-2H-5, 40–40	B-2H-6, 30–30	14.65	16.05	C1r.2r	1104.14
FO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-3H-5, 40–40	B-3H-5, 140–140	24.54	25.54	C1r.2r	1480.31
FO medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	B-4H-3, 140–140	B-4H-4, 140–140	32.01	33.51	C2n	1776.68

The calibration of these events is based on Channell and Stoner (2002).

7. Conclusions

Eleven Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events calibrated with oxygen isotope and geomagnetic stratigraphies and correlated with low and middle latitude stratigraphies are discussed. Calcareous nannofossil events identified in sites where carbonate proportion is relatively high, and isotope and geomagnetic stratigraphies are well developed, show minimal diachronism with respect to the same events identified in middle and low latitudes. We infer that some of the discrepancies observed in the age assignments are due to inaccuracies in the adopted age models. A comparison with other micropaleontological

stratigraphies will help to establish a more precise age model.

‘Standard’ events such as the FO of *Emiliana huxleyi* and the LO of *Pseudoemiliana lacunosa*, as calibrated by Thierstein et al. (1977) at MIS 8 and 12, respectively, are recorded at the same levels in our cores.

Other events observed at different latitudes and oceans identified and calibrated here include:

(a) The base of the *Emiliana huxleyi* acme is observed within MIS 5. This event is diachronous in comparison with the existing low latitude and North Atlantic data.

(b) The FCO of *Gephyrocapsa muelleri* is identified within MIS 6, showing a good correla-

Table 7

Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events, position and calibration in ODP Site 1093

Nannofossil event	ODP sample		mcd (cm)		MIS/Chron	kyr
	Top	Bottom	Top	Bottom		
<i>Emiliana huxleyi</i> acme (base)	A-2H-3, 30–30	A-2H-5, 30–30	11.98	14.98	?	52.96
LCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	A-7H-CC, 24–29	A-8H-1, 25–25	71.83	73.28	7?	285.08
FO <i>Emiliana huxleyi</i>	A-8H-1, 140–140	A-8H-2, 65–65	74.43	75.18	8	293.90
LO <i>Pseudoemiliana lacunosa</i>	A-15H-6, 40–40	A-16H-3, 129–129	152.43	159.20	12	598.96
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	A-16H-5, 94–94	?	161.81	?	13?	635.82
LO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	A-22H-2, 30–30	D-8H-3, 0–0.5	220.80	227.30	C1r	928.70
Re-entry medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	A-24H-5, 15–15	A-24H-5, 140–140	245.50	246.80	C1r	1057.30
FO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	A-26H-6, 50–50	A-26H-6CC, 19–24	262.80	263.10	C1r	1155.09
LO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	D-18H-CC, 0–2	D-21X-CC, 0–1	323.60	345.10	C1r	1570.65

The calibration of these events is based on Channell and Stoner (2002).

Table 8

Pleistocene calcareous nannofossil events, position and calibration in ODP Site 1094

Nannofossil event	ODP sample		mcd (cm)		MIS/Chron	kyr
	Top	Bottom	Top	Bottom		
LCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	?	A-5H-3, 74–74	?	39.25		234.21
FO <i>Emiliana huxleyi</i>	A-5H-3, 146–146	A-5H-4, 30–30	39.97	40.31	8	246.4
LO <i>Pseudoemiliana lacunosa</i>	?	A-9H-2, 17–17	?	75.57	?	552.09
FCO <i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	A-7H-6, 40–40	A-7H-6, 90–90	62.10	62.60	13?	428.23
LO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	A-12H-4, 119–119	A-13H-3, 132–132	106.87	114.36	C1r.1r	887.22
Re-entry medium <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	A-14H-3, 66–66	A-14H-3, 88–88	125.07	125.29	C1r.1n	1025.64
FO <i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	A-15H-1, 30–30	A-15H-2, 112–112	130.72	133.04	C1r.2r	1107.86
LO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	D-13H-CC, 14–19	A-16H-3, 98–98	139.23	143.90	C1r.2r	1210.00
					(close top Cobb M.)	
FO large <i>Gephyrocapsa</i>	D-16H-2, 30–30	D-16H-2, 87–87	165.29	165.86	C1r.2r	1485.18

The calibration of these events is based on Shipboard Scientific Party (1999) and Channell and Stoner (2002).

tion according to the data from other oceanic areas.

(c) The LCO of *Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica* is also observed in our material within MIS 7.

(d) The FCO of *Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica* occurs between MIS 14 and 13, although the exact level of this event is not well defined using semi-quantitative data.

(e) The LO of *Reticulofenestra asanoi* is here placed close to MIS 22, at the top of subchron C1r.1r.

(f) The re-entry of medium-sized *Gephyrocapsa* occurs in the studied area during subchron C1r.1n, clearly diachronous with existing calibrations for other oceanic areas.

(g) The FO of *Reticulofenestra asanoi* is observed at the top of subchron C1r.1n, probably another diachronous event that has been reported to occur at younger ages in low latitudes of the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans.

(h) The LO of large *Gephyrocapsa*, a globally synchronous event that has also been identified within MIS 37 in the Southern Ocean, is observed in the middle part of subchron C1r.2r, consistent with the previously reported ages.

(i) The FO of large *Gephyrocapsa* is recorded at ca. 1400 kyr, close to the ages reported for mid and low latitudes

(j) Due to ecological restrictions, *Calcidiscus macintyreii* is only observed in the carbonate-rich sites. However, the LO of *C. macintyreii*, where present, occurs at ca. 1600 kyr, similar to those records observed in middle and low latitudes.

Slightly before, but very close to the above-mentioned event, we observed the FO of medium-sized *Gephyrocapsa*.

Acknowledgements

The authors wish to express their thanks to Jeremy Young and Paul Bown, for their valuable review and suggestions. N.S.D. Skinner is acknowledged for revising the English version of the manuscript. The ODP Leg 177 Shipboard Scientific Party is also thanked. Research Grants CICYT ANT97-1909-E and CLI-1002-02 supported this study.

Appendix

Details and graphic information about the considered taxa can be found in Perch-Nielsen (1985), Young (1998) and Hine and Weaver (1998). For species and morphotypes included in the family Noelaerhabdaceae we followed the morphological criteria in Raffi et al. (1993) and Flores et al. (2000).

List of species used considered in this study

Pseudoemiliana lacunosa (Kamptner, 1963) Gartner, 1969

Reticulofenestra asanoi Sato and Takayama, 1992

- Calcidiscus macintyre* (Bukry and Bramlette, 1969) Loeblich and Tappan, 1978
Emiliana huxleyi (Lohmann, 1902) Hay and Mohler in Hay et al., 1967
 Small *Gephyrocapsa*
Gephyrocapsa aperta Kamptner, 1963
Gephyrocapsa ericsonii McIntyre and Bé, 1967
Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica Boudreaux and Hay, 1967
Gephyrocapsa muelleri Bréhéret, 1978
Gephyrocapsa oceanica Kamptner, 1943
 Medium *Gephyrocapsa*
Gephyrocapsa omega Bukry, 1973
 = *Gephyrocapsa parallela* (Hay and Beaudry, 1973)

Abundance of marker species and morphotypes used in the studied cores

Total abundance of the calcareous nannofossil assemblage for each sample, observed at a magnification of 1000 $\times$, was estimated as follows: A = > 50 nannoliths per field of view, C = 1–50 nannoliths per field of view. Samples with less than one specimen per field of view are not included in the tables. The ranking of preservation was established as: G = good, M = moderate, and P = poor. The relative abundances of taxa or morphotypes were estimated as follows: V = very abundant (> 50%); A = abundant (> 20–< 50%); C = common (> 10–< 20%); F = few (> 1–< 10%); R = rare (< 1%).

Table A1

Leg	Site	Hole	Core	Type	Section	Sample top (cm)	Sample bottom (cm)	Depth (mbsf)	Depth (mcd)	Abundance	Preservation	Gephyrocapsa small	Culicidiscus macintyreii	Gephyrocapsa caribbeatica	Pseudonemilania lacunosa (4–5.5 µm)	Gephyrocapsa medium (> 5.5 µm)	Gephyrocapsa large	Reticulofenestra asanoi	Emiliania huxleyi
177	1088	B	1	H	1	110	110	1.1	1.1	A	M								D
177	1088	B	1	H	1	120	120	1.2	1.2	A	M								C
177	1088	B	1	H	2	20	20	1.7	1.7	A	M								C
177	1088	B	1	H	2	60	60	2.1	2.1	A	M								C
177	1088	B	1	H	2	100	100	2.5	2.5	A	M								C
177	1088	B	1	H	2	130	130	2.8	2.8	A	M			A					
177	1088	B	1	H	2	140	140	2.9	2.9	A	M			A					
177	1088	B	1	H	3	120	120	4.2	4.2	A	M			A					
177	1088	B	1	H	4	10	10	4.6	4.6	A	M			A					
177	1088	B	1	H	4	25	25	4.75	4.75	A	M			A					
177	1088	B	1	H	4	40	40	4.9	4.9	A	M			D					
177	1088	B	1	H	4	70	70	5.2	5.2	A	M			D					
177	1088	B	1	H	CC	7	12	5.41	5.41	A	M			D					
177	1088	B	2	H	1	70	70	6.2	6.2	A	M			D					
177	1088	B	2	H	1	140	140	6.9	6.9	A	M			F					
177	1088	B	2	H	2	70	70	7.7	7.7	A	M			F					
177	1088	B	2	H	2	140	140	8.4	8.4	A	M			F					
177	1088	B	2	H	3	70	70	9.2	9.2	A	M	D							
177	1088	B	2	H	3	140	140	9.9	9.9	A	M								
177	1088	B	2	H	4	70	70	10.7	10.7	A	M								
177	1088	B	2	H	4	140	140	11.4	11.4	A	M								
177	1088	B	2	H	5	70	70	12.2	12.2	A	M								
177	1088	B	2	H	5	140	140	12.9	12.9	A	M							F	
177	1088	B	2	H	6	70	70	13.7	13.7	A	M							A	
177	1088	B	2	H	CC	12	19	14.44	14.44	A	M							F	
177	1088	B	3	H	1	70	70	15.7	15.7	A	M							F	
177	1088	B	3	H	1	140	140	16.4	16.4	A	M							A	
177	1088	B	3	H	2	70	70	17.2	17.2	A	M							F	
177	1088	B	3	H	2	140	140	17.9	17.9	A	M							F	
177	1088	B	3	H	3	70	70	18.7	18.7	A	M							A	
177	1088	B	3	H	3	140	140	19.4	19.4	A	M								
177	1088	B	3	H	4	70	70	20.2	20.2	A	M								
177	1088	B	3	H	4	140	140	20.9	20.9	A	M								
177	1088	B	3	H	5	70	70	21.7	21.7	A	M								
177	1088	B	3	H	5	140	140	22.4	22.4	A	M								
177	1088	B	3	H	6	70	70	23.2	23.2	A	M								
177	1088	B	3	H	6	130	130	23.8	23.8	A	M								
177	1088	B	3	H	CC	14	19	23.97	23.97	A	M								
177	1088	B	4	H	1	70	70	25.2	25.2	A	M								
177	1088	B	4	H	1	140	140	25.9	25.9	A	G								
177	1088	B	4	H	2	70	70	26.7	26.7	A	G								
177	1088	B	4	H	2	140	140	27.4	27.4	A	M								
177	1088	B	4	H	3	70	70	28.2	28.2	A	G								
177	1088	B	4	H	3	140	140	28.9	28.9	A	M								
177	1088	B	4	H	4	70	70	29.7	29.7	A	G								

Table A2

Leg	Site	Hole	Core	Type	Section	Sample top (cm)	Sample bottom (cm)	Depth (mbsf)	Depth (mcd)	Abundance	Preservation	<i>Gephyrocapsa caribbica</i>	<i>Calcidiscus nuchitryei</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa small</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa medium (4–5.5 µm)</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa muelherae</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa large (>5.5 µm)</i>	<i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	<i>Pseudoemiliania lacunosa</i>	<i>Emiliania huxleyi</i>
177	1089	A	1	H	CC	17	22	7.27	7.03	A	G			D						C
177	1089	B	2	H	3	131	132	9.1	14.8	A	G			C						A
177	1089	B	2	H	4	5	5	9.4	15.1	A	G			C						C
177	1089	A	2	H	CC	16	21	16.9	16.5	A	M			A	C	R				C
177	1089	B	2	H	6	31.5	32	12.9	18.6	A	M			C		R				F
177	1089	B	2	H	6	81.5	82	13.1	18.8	A	M			C		F				F
177	1089	B	2	H	CC	10	15	13.7	19.4	A	C			C	C	C				C
177	1089	B	3	H	3	54	55	18.1	23.5	A	M			C		C				F
177	1089	B	3	H	3	75	75.5	18.6	23.7	A	M			C		F				F
177	1089	A	3	H	CC	13	18	21.2	24	A	M			D		C				C
177	1089	B	3	H	4	50.5	51	19.3	24.8	A	M			A		C				F
177	1089	B	3	H	4	54	55	19.3	24.8	A	M			C		C				F
177	1089	B	3	H	CC	8	16	23.1	28.6	A	M			A	C	F				C
177	1089	B	4	H	4	91.5	92	29.2	34.8	A	M			C		R				F
177	1089	B	4	H	4	114	114	29.4	35	A	M			C		C				F
177	1089	B	4	H	5	14	14.5	29.9	35.5	A	M			C						F
177	1089	B	4	H	5	41.5	42	30.2	35.8	A	M			C						F
177	1089	B	4	H	CC	12	17	32.4	38	A	M			A	A					F
177	1089	A	5	H	2	70	70	38	39	A	M			A						F
177	1089	C	5	H	2	125	126	35.7	39.1		C									F
177	1089	A	5	H	2	100	100	38.3	39.3	A	M									F
177	1089	B	5	H	2	15	16	34.9	39.4	A	M			C						F
177	1089	B	5	H	2	30	30	35.1	39.6	A	M									F
177	1089	A	5	H	2	149	149	38.8	39.8	C	M									
177	1089	B	5	H	2	130	130	36.1	40.6	B	M									
177	1089	B	5	H	3	30	30	36.6	41.1	F	M									R
177	1089	B	5	H	3	130	130	37.6	42.1	A	P									?
177	1089	B	5	H	4	30	30	38.1	42.6	C	M									?
177	1089	B	5	H	4	120	120	39	43.5	F	M									?
177	1089	B	5	H	4	125	126	34.6	39.1	C	M									?
177	1089	C	5	H	2	15	16	31.2	39.4	C	M									R
177	1089	A	5	H	CC	14	19	43.4	44.3	C	M									?
177	1089	B	5	H	CC	16	21	41.9	46.4	B	M									
177	1089	B	6	H	1	30	30	43.1	49.3	A	M									
177	1089	B	6	H	1	120	120	44	50.2	A	M			C						
177	1089	A	6	H	CC	18	23	52.3	54.1	A	M									
177	1089	B	6	H	CC	11	16	51.2	57.4	A	M			A	C					
177	1089	A	7	H	1	120	120	56	60.1	C	P			A	R					
177	1089	A	7	H	1	130	130	56.1	60.2	A	M			A	R					
177	1089	A	7	H	2	30	30	56.6	60.7	C	M			D						
177	1089	A	7	H	2	120	120	57.5	61.6	C	M			D						
177	1089	A	7	H	3	30	30	58.1	62.2	A	G			D						
177	1089	A	7	H	CC	51	56	63.4	67.5	A	G				C					?
177	1089	B	7	H	6	80	80	60.6	68	A	M									R
177	1089	B	7	H	CC	8	14	60.7	68.2	A	M									R
177	1089	C	8	H	3	105	106	65.4	69.3		F									F
177	1089	A	8	H	1	30	30	64.6	69.4	C	M									R
177	1089	C	8	H	4	5	5.5	65.9	69.8		M									
177	1089	B	8	H	1	30	30	62.1	70.2	A	M									F
177	1089	A	8	H	1	120	120	65.5	70.3	A	M									R
177	1089	B	8	H	2	30	30	66.1	70.9	A	G				C					R
177	1089	B	8	H	1	120	120	63	71.1	A	M									R
177	1089	B	8	H	2	30	30	63.6	71.7	A	M									F
177	1089	A	8	H	2	120	120	67	71.8	A	M			D						R
177	1089	A	8	H	3	30	30	67.6	72.4	A	M				F					F
177	1089	B	8	H	2	120	120	64.5	72.6	A	M									R
177	1089	A	8	H	3	120	120	68.5	73.3	C	P				C					F

Table A3

Leg	Site	Hole	Core	Type	Section	Sample top (cm)	Sample bottom (cm)	Depth (mbsf)	Depth (mcd)	Abundance	Preservation	<i>Pseudonemilania lucinosa</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	<i>Calcidiscus muhlenbergi</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa medium</i> (4–5.5 µm)	<i>Gephyrocapsa muelleriae</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa large</i> (>5.5 µm)	<i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	<i>Emiliania huxleyi</i>
177	1090	B	1	H	3	30	30	3.8	2.8	A	G					R			D
177	1090	D	1	H	3	56	87	3.56	3.9	A	M					F			A
177	1090	D	1	H	3	86	87	3.86	4.2	A	M					F			D
177	1090	B	2	H	1	130	130	5.8	5.5	A	M					C			C
177	1090	D	1	H	4	56	57	5.66	6	A	G					F			F
177	1090	D	1	H	2	30	30	6	6	A	G					C			R
177	1090	D	1	H	4	146	147	5.96	6.3	A	M					R			R
177	1090	B	2	H	2	30	30	6.1	6.6	A	G					R			R
177	1090	D	1	H	5	26	27	6.26	6.6	A	M					R			R
177	1090	E	1	H	3	52	53	3.52	6.9	A	M								R
177	1090	B	2	H	2	130	130	7	7	A	M					C			?
177	1090	E	1	H	3	82	83	3.82	7.2	A	M					F			
177	1090	B	2	H	4	30	30	7.5	9	A	M					C			
177	1090	D	2	H	3	95	96	16.9	13.5	A	M					C			
177	1090	D	2	H	3	125	126	17.2	13.8	A	M					C			
177	1090	B	2	H	CC	0	10	13.8	13.8	A	G					C			
177	1090	B	3	H	1	40	40	14.1	15.9	A	M					C			
177	1090	B	3	H	1	130	130	15	16.8	A	G	F				C			
177	1090	B	3	H	2	130	130	16.5	18.3	F	G	C				R			
177	1090	B	3	H	3	130	130	18	19.8	A	G	C				R			
177	1090	B	3	H	4	130	130	19.5	21.3	A	M	F							
177	1090	B	3	H	CC	13	18	22.3	24	A	M	A							
177	1090	B	4	H	3	30	30	26.5	29	A	M	C						C	
177	1090	B	4	H	3	130	130	27.5	30	A	M	C						C	
177	1090	B	4	H	4	130	130	29	31.5	A	M	C						C	
177	1090	B	4	H	5	30	30	29.5	32	A	G	C						C	
177	1090	B	4	H	5	130	130	30.5	33	A	M	F						F	
177	1090	B	4	H	6	30	30	31	33.5	A	M	C						F	
177	1090	B	4	H	CC	12	17	32.5	35	A	M	R						C	
177	1090	B	5	H	1	35	35	33.1	36.7	A	G	C						F	
177	1090	B	5	H	1	130	130	34	37.6	A	G	A							
177	1090	B	5	H	2	30	30	34.5	38.1	A	G	F						A	
177	1090	B	5	H	2	130	130	35.5	39.1	A	G	C						A	
177	1090	B	5	H	3	30	30	36	39.6	A	G	A						C	
177	1090	B	5	H	3	110	110	36.8	40.4	A	G	C							
177	1090	B	5	H	4	30	30	37.5	40.8	A	M	A							
177	1090	B	5	H	4	130	130	38.5	41.8	A	G	A							
177	1090	B	5	H	5	30	30	39	42.3	A	G	A							
177	1090	B	5	H	5	130	130	40.3	43.3	A	G	C							
177	1090	B	5	H	6	30	30	40.5	43.8	A	G	C							
177	1090	B	6	H	1	30	30	42.5	44.1	A	M	C							
177	1090	B	6	H	1	130	130	41.5	44.8	A	G	C							
177	1090	B	5	H	6	14	19	41.4	45	A	M	A							
177	1090	B	6	H	2	130	130	45	46.6	A	M	C							
177	1090	B	6	H	6	130	130	51	52.6	A	P	C							
177	1090	B	6	H	7	30	30	51.5	53.1	A	M	C							
177	1090	B	6	H	CC	9	14	51.8	53.4	A	M	C							
177	1090	B	8	H	1	30	30	61.5	65.2	A	M								
177	1090	B	7	H	CC	12	17	59.3	65.6	A	M								
177	1090	B	8	H	1	120	120	62.4	66.1	A	M	F							
177	1090	B	8	H	2	140	140	64.1	67.8	A	M	C							
177	1090	B	8	H	4	30	30	66	69.7	A	M								
177	1090	B	8	H	5	30	30	67.5	71.2	A	P								

Table A4

Leg	Site	Hole	Core	Type	Section	Sample top (cm)	Sample bottom (cm)	Depth (mbsf)	Depth (mcd)	Abundance	Preservation	<i>Pseudonemilania lucinosa</i>	<i>Calcidiscus nuchitired</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa small</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeanica</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa medium</i> (4–5.5 µm)	<i>Gephyrocapsa large</i> (> 5.5 µm)	<i>Reticulolamella asanoi</i>	<i>Emiliania huxleyi</i>
177	1091	A	1	H	1	30	30	0.3	0.3	A	M			A		A			A
177	1091	A	1	H	76	76	76	0.76	0.76	A	M			A		A			F
177	1091	A	1	H	83	83	83	3.83	3.83	A	P			C		F			A
177	1091	A	2	H	1	30	30	7.2	10.1	R	P			F					R
177	1091	A	2	H	2	28	28	8.68	11.6	A	M			A		A			C
177	1091	A	2	H	40	40	40	8.8	11.7	A	M			D		A			C
177	1091	A	2	H	120	120	120	11.1	14	R	P			R					R
177	1091	A	2	H	9	14	14	14.4	17.4	B									
177	1091	A	3	H	6	26	26	24.2	26.3	A	M					F			R
177	1091	A	3	H	12	17	17	25.4	27.6	R	P			A					
177	1091	A	4	H	CC	9	14	34.7	37.9	R	M			A					
177	1091	A	5	H	6	10	10	43	45.3	R	M			D		C			
177	1091	A	5	H	6	51	51	43.4	45.7	C	M			D				R	
177	1091	A	5	H	6	57	57	43.5	45.8	A	M			D		C		R	
177	1091	A	5	H	6	58	58	43.5	45.8	A	M			D		C		R	
177	1091	A	5	H	CC	9	15	44.1	46.4	B									
177	1091	A	6	H	1	66	66	45.6	49	A	M			D		F			
177	1091	A	6	H	1	80	80	45.7	49.2	A	M			D		C			
177	1091	A	6	H	1	120	120	46.1	49.6	C	M			D		F			
177	1091	A	6	H	1	135	135	46.3	49.7	C	M			D		F			
177	1091	A	6	H	CC	7	17	54	57.4	B						C		R	
177	1091	A	7	H	3	26	26	56.6	60.4	R	M			C		C			
177	1091	A	7	H	3	28	28	56.6	60.4	C	M			C		F			
177	1091	A	7	H	CC	15	20	63.7	67.5	B									
177	1091	A	8	H	5	10	10	70	74.9	C	M			R				F	
177	1091	A	8	H	CC	15	20	70.6	75.5	R	P								
177	1091	A	9	H	4	127	127	79.2	83.6	C	M			F		F		R	
177	1091	A	9	H	4	128	128	79.2	83.6	C	M			F		F		R	
177	1091	A	9	H	CC	11	16	81.5	85.9	R	P			R		R			
177	1091	A	10	H	2	99	99	85.4	90.8	A	G			D		C			
177	1091	A	10	H	2	130	130	85.7	91.1	A	M			A		A		R	
177	1091	A	10	H	3	3	3	85.9	91.3	A	M			A		C			
177	1091	A	10	H	5	145	145	90.4	95.7	C	P			C		C			
177	1091	A	10	H	6	120	120	91.6	97	C	P			A		F		R	
177	1091	A	10	H	CC	11	21	92.1	97.5	R	P			R		R			
177	1091	A	11	H	2	65	65	94.6	100	A	P			A		R			
177	1091	A	11	H	3	100	100	96.4	102	A	M			D		F			
177	1091	A	11	H	6	45	45	100	106	A	P			A		F		C	
177	1091	A	11	H	6	110	110	101	107	F	P			A		F			
177	1091	A	11	H	CC	17	22	102	107	R	P			A		F			
177	1091	A	12	H	1	13	13	102	109	C	P			C		F			
177	1091	A	12	H	CC	0	10	109	117	B									
177	1091	A	13	H	4	104	104	117	123	A	M					F		C	
177	1091	A	13	H	6	146	146	120	127	C	P							R	
177	1091	A	13	H	7	5	5	120	127	A	P			C				R	
177	1091	A	13	H	7	58	58	121	128	A	P			C		R		F	
177	1091	A	13	H	CC	6	16	121	128	A	M			C				R	
177	1091	A	14	H	2	136	136	124	132	F	P			A					
177	1091	A	14	H	4	67	67	126	135	A	P			C					
177	1091	A	14	H	4	130	130	127	135	F	P			C				R	
177	1091	A	14	H	5	30	30	127	136	A	M			F				F	
177	1091	A	14	H	5	108	108	128	137	A	P			C				R	
177	1091	A	14	H	CC	11	21	130	139	B									
177	1091	A	15	H	4	60	60	136	145	F	M			A				C	
177	1091	A	15	H	4	100	100	136	146	C	M			C		F		F	
177	1091	A	15	H	4	135	135	136	146	C	M			C		F		F	
177	1091	A	15	H	5	10	10	137	146	C	M			C				R	

Table A5 (Continued).

Leg	Site	Hole	Core	Type	Section	Sample top (cm)	Sample bottom (cm)	Depth (mbsf)	Depth (med)	Abundance	Preservation	<i>Pseudomillamia lacunosa</i>	<i>Calcidiscus muhlenyi</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa small</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeana</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa medium (4-5.5 μm)</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa nucleare</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa large (>5.5μm)</i>	<i>Reicikolocinestra asanoi</i>	<i>Enillanilla huxleyi</i>
177	1092	B	4	H	1	90	90	27.3	28.5	A	M	C		C		C				
177	1092	A	3	H	6	0	0	25	29.7	A	M	C				F				
177	1092	B	4	H	2	140	140	29.3	30.5	A	M	F				F				
177	1092	A	3	H	CC	9	14	26.2	31	F	P	F			R	R				
177	1092	B	4	H	3	40	40	29.8	31	A	M	R				C				
177	1092	A	4	H	1	0	0	27	31.9	F	P	F			F					
177	1092	B	4	H	3	140	140	30.8	32	A	M	R			C					
177	1092	A	4	H	3	140	140	30.8	32	C	M	F			F					
177	1092	B	4	H	4	40	40	31.3	32.5	A	M	F			F					
177	1092	A	4	H	2	0	0	28.5	33.4	C	P	C			C					
177	1092	B	4	H	4	140	140	32.3	33.5	C	M	F			F					
177	1092	A	4	H	3	0	0	30	34.9	A	P	C			C					
177	1092	B	4	H	6	60	60	34.5	35.7	C	M	F								
177	1092	A	4	H	4	0	0	31.5	36.4	A	P	C			C					
177	1092	A	4	H	5	0	0	33	37.9	A	M	C								
177	1092	A	4	H	6	0	0	34.5	39.4	A	P	C			F					
177	1092	B	5	H	1	130	130	37.2	39.4	C	M	F			F					
177	1092	B	5	H	2	30	30	37.7	39.9	C	M	C			F					
177	1092	A	4	H	7	0	0	36	40.9	A	M	F								
177	1092	A	4	H	CC	9	14	36.7	41.6	A	M	F								
177	1092	B	5	H	3	140	104	40.3	42.5	C	M	F			F					
177	1092	B	5	H	5	40	40	42.3	44.5	C	M	F			R					
177	1092	B	6	H	1	30	30	45.7	49.5	C	M	R								
177	1092	A	5	H	CC	10	15	45.8	51.7	A	G	C								
177	1092	A	6	H	3	100	100	50	57.9	A	G	F								
177	1092	B	7	H	1	60	60	55.5	58.2	C	M	F			F					
177	1092	A	6	H	4	100	100	51.5	59.4	A	M	C								
177	1092	A	6	H	5	100	100	53	60.9	A	M	F			D					
177	1092	A	6	H	6	0	0	53.5	61.4	A	M	F			A					
177	1092	A	6	H	6	100	100	54.5	62.4	A	M	R			A					
177	1092	A	6	H	CC	0	10	54.8	62.7	A	M	R			R					
177	1092	A	7	H	1	0	0	55.5	64.2	C	P	F								
177	1092	A	7	H	1	100	100	56.5	65.2	A	M									
177	1092	A	7	H	2	100	100	58	66.7	A	M									
177	1092	A	7	H	3	100	100	59.5	68.2	A	M			R						
177	1092	A	7	H	4	100	100	61	69.7	A	M	F		F						
177	1092	A	7	H	5	100	100	62.5	71.2	A	M									
177	1092	A	7	H	CC	15	20	64.8	73.5	A	M									
177	1092	A	8	H	1	100	100	66	75.5	A	M									
177	1092	A	8	H	2	100	100	67.5	77	A	M									
177	1092	A	8	H	3	100	100	69	78.5	A	M									
177	1092	A	8	H	4	100	100	70.5	80	A	M									
177	1092	A	8	H	5	100	100	72	81.5	A	M									
177	1092	A	8	H	6	100	100	73.5	83	A	M									
177	1092	A	8	H	CC	11	16	73.7	83.2	A	P									
177	1092	A	9	H	1	70	70	75.2	84.5	A	M									
177	1092	A	9	H	2	70	70	76.7	86	A	M									
177	1092	A	9	H	3	70	70	78.2	87.5	A	M									
177	1092	A	9	H	4	70	70	79.7	89	A	M									
177	1092	A	9	H	5	70	70	81.2	90.5	A	M									
177	1092	A	9	H	6	70	70	82.6	91.9	A	M									
177	1092	A	9	H	CC	10	15	84	93.3	A	M									
177	1092	A	10	H	CC	15	20	93.6	104	A	M									
177	1092	A	11	H	CC	0	10	103	115	A	M									
177	1092	A	12	H	CC	28	33	113	125	A	M									
177	1092	A	13	H	CC	10	15	122	136	A	M									
177	1092	A	14	H	CC	10	15	131	147	A	M									
177	1092	A	15	H	CC	14	19	141	159	A	M									

Table A5 (Continued).

[illegible]

Table A6

Leg	Site	Hole	Core	Type	Section	Sample top (cm)	Sample bottom (cm)	Depth (mbsf)	Depth (med)	Abundance	Preservation	<i>Pseudoemiliania lacunosa</i>	<i>Calcidiscus leptoporus</i>	<i>Calcidiscus mucronifer</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa small</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeatica</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa medium</i> (4–5.5 µm)	<i>Gephyrocapsa large</i> (>5.5 µm)	<i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	<i>Emiliania huxleyi</i>
177	1093	A	1	H	1	80	80	0.8	0.8	C	G		C		A					D
177	1093	A	1	H	4	60	60	5.1	5.1	F	G		A		A					A
177	1093	A	1	H	6	80	80	8.3	8.3	R	M		C		A		F			A
177	1093	A	1	H	CC	12	17	8.49	8.49	R	M		F		A		F			A
177	1093	A	2	H	3	30	30	11.8	12	P	P		R		C		R			A
177	1093	A	2	H	5	30	30	14.8	15	R	P				C					C
177	1093	A	2	H	6	30	30	16.3	16.5	R	M		R		C		C			C
177	1093	A	2	H	CC	12	17	18.1	18.3	B	M				D					A
177	1093	A	3	H	1	30	30	18.3	19.7	A	M		C		A					D
177	1093	A	3	H	2	30	30	19.8	21.2	A	M		F		A		C			D
177	1093	A	3	H	4	30	30	22.8	24.2	C	P		C		R					A
177	1093	A	3	H	CC	11	16	27.7	29.1	R	P		C		A		F			A
177	1093	A	4	H	1	30	30	27.8	31.8	A	P		A		A		C			A
177	1093	A	4	H	2	40	40	29.4	33.4	A	M		A		A		C			F
177	1093	A	4	H	2	120	120	30.2	34.2	A	M		C		A					?
177	1093	A	4	H	3	30	30	30.8	34.8	R	P									
177	1093	A	4	H	4	30	30	32.3	36.3	B										
177	1093	A	4	H	CC	10	15	37.5	41.5	B										
177	1093	A	5	H	3	30	30	40.3	43.7	B										
177	1093	A	5	H	6	30	30	44.8	48.2	R	P		C		C		C			F
177	1093	A	5	H	7	20	20	46.2	49.6	R	M		F		C		F			
177	1093	A	5	H	CC	15	20	46.9	50.2	B										
177	1093	A	6	H	2	69	69	48.7	54	B										
177	1093	A	6	H	6	30	30	54.3	59.6	B										
177	1093	A	6	H	CC	0	10	56	61.4	R	M									
177	1093	A	7	H	1	132	132	57.3	63.7	R	P		F		C		C			F
177	1093	A	7	H	2	35	35	57.9	64.2	R	M		C		C		D			R
177	1093	A	7	H	CC	24	29	65.5	71.8	R	M		C		A		F			
177	1093	A	8	H	1	25	25	65.8	73.3	C	M		F				C			F
177	1093	A	8	H	1	140	140	66.9	74.4	C	M		C		A		A			C
177	1093	A	8	H	2	65	65	67.7	75.2	F	P				A					?
177	1093	A	8	H	CC	0	10	75.1	82.6	B										
177	1093	A	9	H	CC	15	20	84.8	92.4	B										
177	1093	A	10	H	CC	0	10	93.9	103	F	M	?	R		D					
177	1093	A	11	H	1	30	30	94.3	105	F	M		F		D		F			
177	1093	A	11	H	2	10	10	95.6	106	C	M				A		F			
177	1093	A	11	H	4	40	40	98.9	109	B										
177	1093	A	11	H	CC	16	21	104	114	B										
177	1093	A	12	H	2	30	30	105	117	B										
177	1093	A	12	H	5	120	120	111	122	B										
177	1093	A	12	H	7	30	30	113	124	A	M				D		F			
177	1093	A	12	H	CC	0	10	113	125	A	M				D		R			
177	1093	A	13	H	1	80	80	114	125	A	P		F		D		F			
177	1093	A	13	H	3	80	80	117	128	C	M		F				F			
177	1093	A	13	H	4	30	30	118	129	C	M				D		A			
177	1093	A	13	H	5	60	60	120	131	C	M		F		D		C			
177	1093	A	13	H	CC	15	20	122	134	B					D					
177	1093	A	14	H	5	110	110	130	142	R	P				D		F			
177	1093	A	14	H	CC	10	15	132	144	B					D					
177	1093	A	14	H	5	110	110	130	142	R	P				D		F			
177	1093	A	15	H	2	40	40	134	146	R	P				D		F			
177	1093	A	15	H	5	40	40	138	151	R	M	?			A		F			
177	1093	A	15	H	6	40	40	140	152	R	M	R			A		F			
177	1093	A	15	H	7	40	40	141	154	R	M	R	R		D		F			
177	1093	A	15	H	CC	11	16	142	154	R	P				R		R			
177	1093	A	16	H	3	129	129	146	159	A	P	F					R			
177	1093	A	16	H	4	23	23	146	160	C	P	R					C			
177	1093	A	16	H	5	94	94	148	162	C	P		R		C		F			?

Table A6 (Continued).

Leg	Site	Hole	Core	Type	Section	Sample top (cm)	Sample bottom (cm)	Depth (mbsf)	Depth (med)	Abundance	Preservation	<i>Pseudoemiliania lacunosa</i>	<i>Calcidiscus leptoporus</i>	<i>Calcidiscus mucronifer</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa small</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeatica</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa medium</i> (4–5.5 µm)	<i>Gephyrocapsa large</i> (>5.5 µm)	<i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	<i>Emiliania huxleyi</i>
177	1093	B	10	H	CC	17	22	91.9	108	B										
177	1093	B	11	H	CC	12	17	102	121	B			F		D	A				
177	1093	B	12	H	2	40	40	104	124	A	M		R		D		F			
177	1093	B	12	H	3	40	40	106	125	A	M		F		D		F			
177	1093	B	12	H	4	100	100	108	127	C	M		C		D		C			
177	1093	B	12	H	CC	18	23	110	130	C	M									
177	1093	B	13	H	1	94	94	113	131	C	M		F		D		C			
177	1093	B	13	H	CC	16	21	121	140	B					D					
177	1093	B	14	H	1	110	110	122	142	R	P				D		R			
177	1093	B	14	H	CC	11	16	130	150	R	M		F		D	C				
177	1093	B	15	H	5	40	40	136	157	R	M		R		D		F			
177	1093	B	15	H	6	40	40	138	159	R	M				D		F			
177	1093	B	15	H	6	70	70	138	159	R	M		R		D		F			
177	1093	B	15	H	CC	6	40	139	159	F			R		D		F			
177	1093	B	16	H	CC	7	12	149	170	F	M		F		F		F			
177	1093	B	17	H	CC	7	12	159	180	R	P		A							
177	1093	B	18	H	CC	0	7	167	192	B					D		F			
177	1093	B	19	H	CC	6	11	178	203	F					C					
177	1093	B	20	H	CC	23	28	187	215	R	P		R		C					
177	1093	B	21	H	CC	14	19	195	224	B										
177	1093	B	22	H	CC	15	20	205	233	R	P		F					R		
177	1093	B	23	H	CC	24	29	216	245	A	M		C		C					
177	1093	B	24	H	CC	0	10	222	252	C	P		A		C			R		
177	1093	C	1	H	CC	0	12	7.88	14.9	R	P						C		F	
177	1093	C	2	H	CC	0	10	13.8	23.3	R	P		C				R		C	
177	1093	C	3	H	CC	14	19	25.1	35.3	R	P		R		F				R	
177	1093	C	4	H	CC	11	16	36.6	48.1	B										
177	1093	C	5	H	CC	11	16	44.5	58.9	R	P		R				A			
177	1093	C	6	H	CC	17	22	52.2	68	B										
177	1093	C	7	H	CC	0	10	64.6	78.4	B										
177	1093	C	8	H	CC	24	29	74.1	89.3	B										
177	1093	C	9	H	CC	15	20	83	100	B										
177	1093	C	10	H	CC	8	15	91.1	109	B										
177	1093	C	11	H	CC	13	18	101	120	B										
177	1093	C	12	H	CC	6	11	111	131	F	P									
177	1093	C	13	H	CC	13	18	114	138	B										
177	1093	C	14	H	CC	15	20	128	147	R	P				D		F			
177	1093	C	15	H	CC	9	14	137	161	R	M				D		C			
177	1093	C	16	H	CC	0	7	144	168	A	P		C		A		F			
177	1093	C	17	H	CC	9	14	155	181	A	P		A				F			
177	1093	C	18	H	CC	11	16	162	189	B										
177	1093	D	1	H	CC	0	4	143	159	C	P				C					
177	1093	D	2	H	CC	20	25	148	164	B										
177	1093	D	3	H	CC	0	10	160	175	F	P		F		C		R			
177	1093	D	4	H	CC	14	19	173	191	B										
177	1093	D	5	H	3	0	0	177	195	C	P		C		C		F			
177	1093	D	5	H	6	0	0	182	200	C	P		C		A		F			
177	1093	D	5	H	CC	0	10	183	201	C	P		C		A		F			
177	1093	D	6	H	1	0	0	184	205	C	P		C		A		F			
177	1093	D	6	H	CC	0	10	189	211	C	P		C		C		F			
177	1093	D	7	H	1	0	0	193	214	A	M		C		D		R			
177	1093	D	8	H	3	0	0	206	227	R	P									
177	1093	D	8	H	4	0	0	207	229	F	P		F					R		
177	1093	D	8	H	CC	10	15	208	230	B								F		
177	1093	D	10	H	3	0	0	225	249	A	M		C		A					
177	1093	D	10	H	4	0	0	226	251	A			C		C					
177	1093	D	10	H	CC	0	10	227	251	A	M		A		A				C	
177	1093	D	11	H	2	0	0	233	255	R	P		C						R	

Table A7 (Continued).

Leg	Site	Hole	Core	Type	Section	Sample top (cm)	Sample bottom (cm)	Depth (mbsf)	Depth (mcd)	Abundance	Preservation	<i>Pseudonitella lamosa</i>	<i>Calcidiscus leptoporus</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa small</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa caribbeana</i>	<i>Gephyrocapsa medium</i> (4–5.5 µm)	<i>Gephyrocapsa large</i> (> 5.5 µm)	<i>Reticulofenestra asanoi</i>	<i>Enitellina luteleyi</i>
177	1094	D	9	H	4	80	80	100	103	R	M	A		C					
177	1094	D	9	H	CC	12	17	101	103	B									
177	1094	A	12	H	3	127	127	104	105	R	M	A	F	C		C			
177	1094	D	10	H	1	10	10	105	106	R	M	C		R		C			
177	1094	A	12	H	4	119	119	105	107	R	M	F	A	A					
177	1094	D	10	H	2	120	120	107	109	R	M	F		F					
177	1094	A	12	H	CC	0	10	108	110	B									
177	1094	D	10	H	CC	13	18	111	112	B	P	C	C					F	
177	1094	A	13	H	2	132	132	112	114	F		F						F	
177	1094	A	13	H	3	42	42	113	115	F	P	F						R	
177	1094	A	13	H	3	140	140	114	116	F	P	F						F	
177	1094	D	11	H	1	30	30	114	116	R	M	F						F	
177	1094	A	13	H	4	65	65	114	117	A	M	F	C	C				F	
177	1094	D	11	H	1	116	116	115	117	F	M	F						R	
177	1094	A	13	H	CC	0	10	117	119	F	P	F						R	
177	1094	D	11	H	CC	22	27	120	121	B									
177	1094	A	14	H	1	137	137	120	123	B									
177	1094	A	14	H	3	3	3	122	124	F	P	R	F					R	
177	1094	A	14	H	3	25	25	122	125	R	P	R	R					R	
177	1094	A	14	H	3	66	66	122	125	C	P	R	F	C				R	
177	1094	A	14	H	3	88	88	122	125	F	R	F						R	
177	1094	A	14	H	4	30	30	123	126	C	P	F						R	
177	1094	A	14	H	CC	0	10	124	126	A	P	C	R	F				R	
177	1094	D	12	H	2	117	117	126	128	F	M	R							
177	1094	D	12	H	3	126	126	128	129	F	P	R	R						
177	1094	A	15	H	1	30	30	128	131	C	P	C	R						
177	1094	D	12	H	4	120	120	129	131	C	P	F						R	
177	1094	A	15	H	2	112	112	131	133	F	P	C	F	F					
177	1094	D	12	H	CC	11	16	132	133	F	P	C	F						
177	1094	A	15	H	3	24	24	131	134	C	P	A	F						
177	1094	D	13	H	3	102	102	137	139	A	M	C	R	C		R			
177	1094	D	13	H	CC	14	19	137	139	C	P	A	F						
177	1094	A	15	H	CC	15	20	137	140	F	P	C	C						
177	1094	A	16	H	1	40	40	138	140	F	M	A	F				C		
177	1094	A	16	H	3	98	98	142	144	R	M	R	C	R			C		
177	1094	A	16	H	3	130	130	142	144	R	M	R	C	R			C		
177	1094	A	16	H	4	12	12	142	145	F	M	F					F		
177	1094	A	16	H	6	92	92	145	147	R	M		F				C		
177	1094	A	16	H	CC	0	10	145	147	C	P	F					C		
177	1094	D	14	H	3	110	110	147	150	C	P	F					C		
177	1094	D	14	H	4	10	10	147	151	C	P	R					C		
177	1094	D	14	H	5	20	20	149	153	F	P	R	R				R		
177	1094	D	14	H	5	120	120	150	154	F	P	R					R		
177	1094	D	14	H	6	17	17	150	154	R	P	R	F	F			C		
177	1094	D	15	H	2	30	30	154	156	P	P	F					F		
177	1094	D	15	H	3	50	50	156	157	C	P	C					F		
177	1094	D	15	H	4	117	117	158	160	F	P	F	F				R		
177	1094	A	18	H	CC	18	23	158	160	F	P	R					R		
177	1094	D	15	H	6	80	80	160	162	F	P	R	F				F		
177	1094	D	15	H	CC	10	15	161	163	B									
177	1094	D	16	H	1	34	34	162	164	F	P	R	R						
177	1094	D	16	H	1	140	140	163	165	C	P	F	F				F		
177	1094	D	16	H	2	30	30	163	165	C	P	F	F				C		
177	1094	D	16	H	2	87	87	164	166	C	P	F					C		
177	1094	D	16	H	3	50	50	165	167	F	P	C	C				R		
177	1094	D	16	H	3	100	100	166	167	F	P	F					F		
177	1094	D	16	H	3	140	140	166	168	F	P	F					F		
177	1094	D	16	H	4	24	24	166	168	R	P	F	R						
177	1094	D	16	H	CC	0	5	168	170	R	M								

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